The Chicago Tribune.

VOL. XXI. CHICAGO, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 8, 1867. NUMBER 101.

EUROPE.

The Italian Revolution.

Great Agitation and Alarm in Rome.

The Revolutionists Invading the Roman Territory on All Sides.

The Pontifical Troops Again Defeated.

Hostilities Recommenced in Candia—Christian Successes Announced.

A Turco-Russian Alliance Proposed by the Czar.

BY OCEAN TELEGRAPH.

The Revolution in Italy.

SECESSION IS RIFE.

LONDON, Oct. 6.

Despatches from Rome, Italy, state that great agitation and alarm prevails in that city.

GARIBALDI'S BONES SHALL BE MADE THE CAPITAL OF ITALY.

FLORENCE, Oct. 6.

Demonstrations are arriving here and monuments are pouring in from all parts of the kingdom, indicating that Rome be made the capital of Italy. The press throughout the country are urging subscriptions and money for the Garibaldi volunteers who have been wounded in the fights which have occurred in Northern Italy.

NAPOLEON'S DETERMINED TO THE OCCUPATION OF ROMAN TERRITORY BY ITALIAN TROOPS.

PARIS, Oct. 8.

It is reported that Napoleon has informed the Italian Government that it may occupy Roman territory with its troops, but they must not enter the city of Rome.

THE PONTIFICAL TROOPS AGAIN DEFEATED.

FLORENCE, Oct. 7—morning.

Reports hourly continue to have from the south, show that the revolutionists are constantly invading Roman territory on all sides. Yesterday's detachments of troops were sent out from Rome to the relief of the troops in Frascati, 12 miles southwest of the city. A fight took place between them and the Garibaldians, in which the latter were defeated. The Papal troops were at length defeated and compelled to fall back upon Rome.

FRENCH SYMPATHY FOR ITALY.

PARIS, Oct. 7.

Report in current that French receive with favor the appeal of the Italian Government to the European Powers against the invasion of Romagna, and will support the demands of Italy in regard to Rome.

Great Britain.

DENIAL.

LONDON, Oct. 6.

The report that Sir August B Paget is to be sent to Washington at British Ambassador in the place of Sir Frederick Bruce is contradicted.

It is said that Lord Derby will soon resign the Premiership.

EARL RUSSELL.

The London papers this morning publish a report that Earl Russell is dangerously ill in Ireland, was prostrated by sickness, but the correctness of the report is positively denied this afternoon.

Ireland.

DISTURBANCES AT THE FENIAN FUNERALS RENEW.

The Fenian to-day says Edward Thornton, provost Envoy at Rio Janeiro, will be appointed Ambassador to United States.

ARMED CAPTURE IN ARDSHOSSA.

A despatch from Ades announces that the pioneer members of the expedition for the relief of the British captives, have rescued from that place the Abyssinian consul.

DESTRUCTIVE TYPHOON AT HONG KONG.

LONDON, Oct. 7.

Late advices from China report that a violent and destructive typhoon had visited the harbor of Hong Kong, causing great damage to shipping. Several vessels were driven ashore and received total wrecks. Others were badly damaged and disabled, and the devastation among the Chinese junks was very great, the number being utterly or unlike with fragments.

BANKING.

SOUTHAMPTON, Oct. 7.

The steamer Bavaria, of the Hamburg-American line, sailed on Saturday for New Orleans, with specie to the amount of about $1,000,000. These voyages are experimental. Should the scheme succeed, the company will continue the service between Hamburg and New Orleans, via Southampton.

The steamship Deutschland, from New York, arrived to-day.

THE RUSSIAN FLEET IN SOUTH AMERICAN WATERS.

LISBON, Oct. 7.

The last steamer from South America reports the Spanish fleet still at Montevideo.

France.

DEATH OF M. FOULD, THE FINANCE PURANCIER.

PARIS, Oct. 6.

M. Achille Fould, the eminent statesman and financier, died last evening, aged sixty-seven.

BY STEAMER.

Maximilian's Body—Republican Movement Commenced in Candia—The Controversy Between Spain and the Republic of Colombia—The Spanish Standard Flung Defiantly to the Breeze—Loss of Lives and Fine Packet—A Turco-Russian Alliance Proposed by the Former.

NEW YORK, Oct. 7.—The steamer Peruvia arrived at this port this morning from Liverpool, bringing dates to the quickest passenger steamship.

The Liverpool Post, of September 28th, says: "The Mexican government will not give up the body of Maximilian, but will bury it at Mexico, and there, and particularly the remains of the late Empress Charlotte, in the European papers.

The Republican movement in Candia continues, but Hellenic have succeeded in Candia, and will support the demands of Italy in regard to Rome.

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WASHINGTON.

General Sherman and the War Secretaryship.

The General Disinclined to Accept the Position.

The Result of To-Day's Elections Anxiously Looked For.

Our National Finances.

Important Letter From Secretary McCulloch to a New York Merchant.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 7.

GENERAL SHERMAN.

General Sherman has decided his course to-day before the White House and the War Office. He called on General Grant yesterday before seeing the President, and again three hours with him. To-day he said at noon that he did not know what he would do before night. The fact that it was thought necessary to detail General Angur to his place on the Indian Commission is proof enough that the President expected him to be some time absent. The conversation between the President and himself yesterday and this morning was of a very personal character. The Secretaryship of War has not been formally tendered, but Mr. Johnson has consented to and authorized his colleagues of mail matter are Grown out on the prairie, and left to rot, wherever the character of the soil does not want to live in. The emigration work, and would earnestly beg to be excused from entering upon any duty that would keep him here. He is by no means positively contented with his present military position, and wholly disinclined to submit to any executive service like that of the War Office. He also says that he has found no difficulty in serving under Grant, and has no desire to be put into other relations with him. Everybody knows that the most cordial sympathy existed between them two officers during the latter part of the war, and perhaps it is scarcely necessary to add that there has been no change in this respect. Since the return of peace. The President does not feel General Grant's views, since if he does not do so unless General Grant thus advises. The situation, therefore, may be stated in a few words, viz.: If it be General Grant's wish that Sherman will take the place of Secretary of War offered to him. He will, however, before doing so, strongly advise the President not to make any change, and Mr. Johnson will be glad to accept the view to putting him at the head of the department, if he could see him, is as true as that it has already been ordered that he cannot see him.

MASSACHUSETTS SENATOR.

Chief of General Grant's staff, who has been on a visit to Washington, left for Galena, Ill., this morning, and, it is understood, he expected back here any day after the 12th. This is considered significant that Grant will remain in Galena a few days. The reasons for the absence of place are not known, but some persons think the political situation has something to do with the matter.

THE SITUATION.

Scarcely anything has been talked about during the day but the resignation of Secretary of War. The President and his friends proceed to be very confident, and, in this connection it is a significant fact that Secretary Seward has left for Auburn to vote for Governor. Grant is one the elections justify general changes, and been thoroughly considered, and the conclusion reached that it is not now possible to make such changes. It is not now possible to do so through an arrest, and that it would be considered a step to attempt this unless some support could be counted on from Sherman. There is no doubt that the President would like to see him in command of the Military Division of the Atlantic, and that the personal relations between himself and Congress, and that he has been urged to do so by Secretary Seward. Information has been received from Indiana that the last informed officials stands almost unanimously in favor of this change, and that the result will be an overthrow of the Democratic party in that State. Information has been received from Indiana that the last informed officials stands almost unanimously in favor of this change, and that the result will be an overthrow of the Democratic party in that State.

CHARGES AGAINST WELLS, FARGO & CO.

Formal charges have been filed with Postmaster-General Randall, against Wells, Fargo & Co., for gross violation of contract, and neglect in the transportation of mails on the overland route, from Omaha to San Francisco. All despatches and the mails

The Tribune.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 8, 1867.

THE DAILY TRIBUNE is issued every morning, for circulation by carriers, newsmen, and the mails.

THE TRI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE is issued on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, for the mails only; and

THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE is issued on Thursdays, for the mails and also as soon complete and be overtaken.

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The Daily Tribune, one year $12 00
The Tri-Weekly Tribune, one year 6 00
The Weekly Tribune, one year 3 00
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The Daily Tribune, delivered in city, by carrier, or mailed by agent or newsboy, one month 20

Address, THE TRIBUNE COMPANY
Corner Nassau and Spruce sts.

Education of the Freedmen.

If there is one thing plainer than another in regard to the Southern States it is the need of a system of education for the newly enfranchised masses. We are not reminded of this by any outbreak or misbehavior on the part of these newly liberated people, or by any disagreeable circumstance pointing especially to the fact of their own ignorance. On the contrary, we have had occasion to admire the orderly and proper behavior of these people. They have exceeded the expectations of their most sanguine friends. They have thus far fully vindicated their title to all the franchises and immunities of their new condition. Whether in the field of agriculture, working for wages, or on the field of battle fighting for their country; whether in the peaceful assembly asserting their rights, or at the polls intelligently choosing rulers and legislators, they have shown themselves fully competent, and altogether worthy to be citizens of a free republic. Though their ignorance is not, on their emancipation, would have had us believe, of the barbarian. Of book-learning they are of course ignorant; but in point of capacity of the capacity to judge who are their friends and who their enemies, who should make and administer laws, and who not, they are as knowing as any other people and fully equal to any class of new-comers in our midst, whatever may be their completion or accomplishments.

Still, there millions are deplorably ignorant; and large masses of ignorant people, no matter how well they may be disposed naturally, constitute a dangerous element in any community. With passions, prejudices, crooked and weaknesses to be played upon, they can be no guarantee of order, or faith, or progress, and no assurance of either peace or safety on any part of the community till this ignorance shall be dispelled. This is the thing now to be done for the South and for the country. The education of the freedmen is to be the crowning event of the revolution.

We have gone on, from step to step, in the line of duty and justice—not rapidly—not without reluctance, but, nevertheless, with logical directness. We liberated the slaves as a means of saving the States to their constitutional relations. We armed and sustained them physically during the period of their transition; we have armed them with the ballot as a defense against oppressive laws and unjust voters; and now that they may enjoy fully the blessings of freedom, and that the country may escape the curse of Serfdom—our next and last step is to give them the crowning advantage of education. It is their right to have these advantages, it is our duty to give them, and it is our interest as well. We cannot afford not to do so. To refuse would be national suicide.

But how is it to be done? Some say "By the States; let every State provide for the education of its own citizens." This is one of those half-truths, so wasted by war and torn by discussion, should neither be in a mood of mind or condition of purse to undertake the work, what then? It may be answered: "Let the Federal Government attend to it." But a large portion of the people deny the power of the Federal Government to give the Federal Government is guilty of the emergency of this kind. So that *at present* at least no remedy for this evil is to be looked for either from State or Federal Government. Private benevolence and private enterprise must do the work. We must organize voluntary associations, and endeavor to support and strengthen the associations already organized, whose business it is, from the voluntary gifts of patriotism, humanity and religion, to establish and multiply schools all over the Southern States.

One of the associations, the American Freedmen's Union Commission, under the Presidency of Gen. Chamberlain of the United States, is now represented in this city, in the person of one of its officers, calling upon our leading citizens to take an effective part in the work. We trust that his efforts will be warmly seconded.

It will be seen in another column that a meeting will be held in the Cooper Institute at the hour of one of our citizens, at which steps were taken to give this movement an impulse. The proceedings of the meeting will be read with interest, and the sentiments adopted with, we are sure, comment itself to the approval of all right-minded men.

General Howard, as we understand, that if the Freedmen's Commission and other associations of the North will continue to raise money and send teachers this year, as they did last year, he will be able by next May, when the term of his bureau shall expire, to plant so many schools in the South, and those so thoroughly, that a pretty fair school system will be found in every Southern State.

This is a consummation of such far-reaching moment that we are sure the people of the Northwest will spare no efforts to push it forward.

Democratic Respect for its Dead Chiefs.

The Chicago *Times* brings the charge against the Republicans, that the attempt "to erect a monument to the memory of Abraham Lincoln, holding his party services have proved abortive. Radicalism had neither time nor money to expend in commemorating the services of dead men."

It is false that the effort to raise funds to erect a monument has proved abortive. A large sum has been contributed, but not yet enough to build the grand monument it is proposed to rear; but the necessary means will surely be procured, and the finest column ever raised on this continent will mark the place where the ashes of the great martyr of liberty re-

Business Notices.

Dandruff—Its Cause and Cure.—Dandruff is caused by a diseased condition of the skin, which destroys the vitality of the hair, causing it to fall off. The remedy is Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer, which restores the vitality of the skin, and consequently the hair. Sold by all druggists.

Wells, Richardson & Co.'s Liquid Paints.—Ready for use, and warranted to keep in any climate. Sold by all dealers.

Dr. Tutt's Pills.—Dyspepsia, Constipation, Liver Complaint, Piles, Fever and Ague, Nervousness, Headache, Dizziness, Sour Stomach, Impaired Nutrition, Bad Breath, Dysentery, Colic, Worms, Nervous Irritability, Low Spirits, Blood Impurities, and all diseases arising from Indigestion, Dyspepsia or Torpid Liver, are speedily cured by Tutt's Pills. Price 25 cents. Office, 35 Murray st., New York.

Dr. Tutt's Hair Dye.—Grey Hair or Whiskers instantly changed to a glossy black without injury to the hair or skin. Sold by druggists, or sent by express on receipt of $1. Office, 35 Murray st., New York.

Dr. Tutt's Sarsaparilla.—Scrofula, Syphilis, Mercurial Disease, Rheumatism, Boils, Blotches, Ulcers, Sore Eyes, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Erysipelas, Pimples, Pustules, Carbuncles, Sore Throat, Mercurial Rheumatism, Diseases of the Bones, Joints and Glands, Female Complaints, Dropsy, Gout, Gravel, Diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, Urinary Organs, Nervous Irritability, Low Spirits, Blood Impurities, and all diseases arising from Indigestion, Dyspepsia or Torpid Liver, are speedily cured by Tutt's Sarsaparilla. Price $1 per bottle. Office, 35 Murray st., New York.

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The City Tax Assessments.

The Tax Commissioners have completed their labor of equalizing the assessed valuation of the real and personal property of the city, and advancing the assessment to the general system of assessment. The figures show an increase which, large as it is, is not so great as many persons have supposed. It has been supposed that the previous assessments were less than one-third of the real value. However this may have been in particular cases, in the aggregate the increase is about 125 per cent. Last year there was an arbitrary addition made to the assessments, and the valuation under that law showed a total of about $84,000,000, which is now increased to $190,000,000. In detail the valuations of the Tax Commissioner show real estate in the South Division, $120,700,000, against $87,000,000 of last year; and personal property of $69,248,000, against $15,000,000 of last year—an increase of 160 per cent in real estate and of nearly 300 per cent in personals. The increase in valuation of real and personal property in the West Division is large, while in the North Division the increase in real is 200 per cent and in personal 400 per cent.

The vast increase in personals is, we think, owing to the taxation this year of millions of property never before taxed.

The grand totals are: Real estate, $140,287,000; personal, $61,389,004; total, $190,676,004. Last year the total valuation was $84,547,007.

The assessed value of the property, being more than double that of last year, would, at the same rate of taxation, produce more than double the revenue; but then, we hope, is not contemplated. The object of the law was to make each person owning property pay taxes in proportion to its real value, and to bring to light property which has hitherto escaped taxation. The Common Council, having before them the actual value of the taxables, and the actual sum required to meet all the expenditures of the city for the year, have but to adjust the rate of taxation according to the new valuation to produce the required sum, and no more. Because the new valuation exhibits a greater amount of taxables than heretofore, it does not follow that the revenue is to be increased in the same proportion. There should be a rigid adherence to the exact sum needed for actual wants, and any revenue collected beyond that will be an extortion which, always unjust, will, at this time, prove cruel and oppressive.

General Sickles's Military Services.

General Thomas O. Osborne was among the first who clearly comprehended the character of the rebellion and, when he entered upon the duties of the soldier, in the year 1861, it was with the determination, to remain in the army until the struggle was over. Soon after the outbreak he tendered the Yates Phalanx direct to the Secretary of War. It was accepted, and the gallant Richard Colonels. In December 1861 Colonel Austin Light was dismissed and Osborne succeeded him. He was stationed at Alpine, Va., and with a little handful of men held Stonewall Jackson at bay for three days at the time of his said into Morgan County, and fell back in perfect order under a galling fire. At the battle of Winchester, April 28, 1862, Colonel Osborne, in a skirmish, again repulsed two successive charges of Ashby's famous cavalry, and aided materially in achieving the victory of that day.

Subsequently he participated in the memorable movements in the Shenandoah Valley, the tedious march to Fredericksburg, and the return to the support of General Banks, and was then given command of the Second Brigade, First Division, Third Corps, Army of the Potomac. After performing excellent service at Harrison's Landing, he was ordered to Suffolk, Va., where he remained three months, engaging in various important expeditions.

In January, 1863, with his brigade, he was ordered to the command of the First Brigade, Ferry's Division, Porter's Corps, and ordered to Hilton Head, where he actively participated in the attacks on Charleston and Fort Sumter by General Hunter. Prior to previous to the fall of Wagner and Sumter, he was temporarily disabled by the prostrating effects of a gun behind him. Stunned only by after the fall of the forts, he embarked for Hilton Head, where his men, inspired by his gallantry and, having his enthusiasm, drove and fifty-seven, and captured the enviable distinction of being the foremost in the South to obtain veteran honors.

The new veteran regiment sailed May 9, with Butler's expedition up the James River. On the 16th he held the extreme left of the line of Drury's Bluff. Almost at the centre of the rebels he received a wound in the arm, which disabled him for life. With undiminished bravery and coolness he ordered that his men should not be informed of the wound, and for ten hours he remained in the saddle, with his shattered arm hanging by his side, until the excruciating pain and loss of blood compelled him to dismount and have his arm bound. His gallantry on this day, however, but gallantly remained until the battle was ended. His splendid gift on this occasion won for him the General Brigadier General by brevet: "For gallant and meritorious services in front of Richmond and Petersburg, and more especially on the 16th and 17th of May, during the engagements of those dates."

General Osborne was afterward given command of the First Division, Infantry General Ord, when he received leave of absence, and being over, he resigned and returned to his home in this city.

Such is a brief sketch of the military career of General Osborne, whom a lawyer another column we publish a card signed by a large number of citizens, urging the privilege of using his name as a candidate for County Treasurer, together with his reply to the same. We believe that this act of every ten members of the party would rejoice to see him elected, and we have every confidence that he will be

Unitarian National Conference.

The National Conference of Unitarian Churches will meet in the Church of the Messiah, in this city, commencing on the evening of Wednesday, Oct. 16th. A committee will be in waiting at the Grand Central Depot to receive delegates from the east, on Wednesday, Oct. 16th, between the hours of 9 o'clock A. M. and 2 P. M. Delegates coming at other hours will please report at the office of the committee, at the Church of the Messiah. All who can entertain delegates will please forward their names and the number they can accommodate to C. W. Eliot, Secretary, No. 20 South Market street.

The Abyssinian Expedition.

The Prisoners and the Country to be Invaded.

Important Issues Involved in the Result.

English Visitors to America.

The American Bishops at the Pan-Anglican Synod.

Special Correspondence of The Chicago Tribune.

LONDON, Sept. 21, 1867.

THE EXPEDITION TO ABYSSINIA.

On the subject of the Abyssinian expedition, I find the chief conversation everywhere to be the expedition to Abyssinia. No two men who are interested in public affairs meet and hold five minutes' conversation without turning their talk straightway upon Abyssinia. Whatever else may be said of the expedition, nobody can say but it is a fine display of the military spirit, or to any desire for glory. Putting aside the herd of skippers and commissioners who are peculiar to no country, the property-regarding as a leading duty. It weighs upon men's minds. Even those of the upper ten, who are, as a rule, equally alive to the difficulties and the objections. First, there is the item of expense. The government, I am told, have already made known their intention to ask Parliament for a vote of £2,000,000 sterling, and the best authorities declare that, if the Emperor Theodore holds out three months, we shall spend another million. Only think of this to a people who are already taxed to the eyes! One paying for the proud pleasure in an income tax of one million of money, and it is to the income tax our ministers always resort when cash is wanted; so that we have not only to bid good-bye to any hopes of a repeal in the national budget next year, but must expect an addition of probably two pence on the pound on the income tax! Let us think for a moment of the risk and misery to which this question all round, for it is one which vitally concerns the English character, English politics and English pockets.

THE PRISONERS, THE COUNTRY AND THE INVASION.

It is complained that though our forces must be in the country by the middle of November if they are to leave the whole of the fighting season, and be out of it before the present government have neglected to make the inquiries necessary for safe action until the last moment, and that so we shall be upon us too late. The fact is, if Mr. Rassam, our envoy, and Mr. Prideaux had not been arrested, we should never have sent for the rest. Then, that Consul Cameron, so cruelly treated, was the principal cause of the expedition. The prisoners are the pretext, but not the cause of the war. Then, that Consul Cameron, so cruelly treated, was the principal cause of the expedition. The prisoners are the pretext, but not the cause of the war. Then, that Consul Cameron, so cruelly treated, was the principal cause of the expedition. The prisoners are the pretext, but not the cause of the war.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

...ts in the Supreme Court.

...ment of the October ... Bankruptcy Cases ... Divorces.

...ts and New Suits.

Important Decision ... of the Statute of 1867.

The Right to Hold ... Does not Include the Right to Alienate.

...ject, whether the Act ... Legislature of 1867 ... which is known as the Married Women's Property Act, ... the right of a married woman to hold property ... which she may become possessed ... and to dispose of the same by ... will, without the consent of her husband, ... is a question of general interest, ... and one which has been ... in the Courts of this State ... Court of Appeals, ... the decision of ... Court, ... the Act ... the ... of ... Court ... Court ... Court

The Tribune.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 8, 1867

THE CITY.

Dr. N. S. DAVIS.—The next regular lecture by Dr. Davis will be given this evening at the Chapel of the Westbrunswick Home, No. 199 West Madison street. The public are invited.

PERSONAL.—Lord Amberly, eldest son of Earl Russell, and member of Parliament for Nottingham, lost the Tremont House. He visited the High School and Scammon School yesterday in company with Superintendent Pickard.

CHRISTIAN CHRISTIAN UNION.—A meeting of the committee and others to complete the organization of the Chicago Christian Union, will be held in parlor No. 1, Tremont House, on Tuesday evening, at half-past seven o'clock.

BRIDGEPORT LOTS AT AUCTION.—The lots on Peoria avenue, which will be sold this afternoon by Bolters & Co., are among the most desirable now offered, being located most desirably for residences. See the advertisement in the auction columns.

ACADEMY OF SCIENCE.—The regular monthly meeting of the Academy of Science will be held this (Tuesday) evening at 8 o'clock, at the rooms, No. 27 Metropolitan Block. The final report on the Exploration of the Illinois River will be read by Professor Worthen at the meeting.

"HOW IT MANAGES."—A prominent grocery house in this city last month sold over one hundred thousand dollars' worth of goods, which were carried through St. Louis, and distributed in retail trade by three hundred to one hundred and fifty miles from Chicago. As which \$4. Louis jobbing with Chicago.

ASSESSMENT.—Edward Kip will open his books in Wilmette on Thursday next, and will be there on Friday and Saturday, will remain the rest of the week in Evanston, and will be at his office in Chicago on the following Monday. Notice of the time and place of meeting of the Board of Review will be given hereafter.

Personal.—William H. Hardwick, late a soldier in the Fifteenth Regiment, Illinois Infantry, and former assistant doorkeeper of the House of Representatives at Washington, died at the Soldiers' Home in this city on Saturday last. He was in Pittsburgh, Pa., on his way to Chicago, and was taken ill there. He was buried from the Soldiers' Home on Monday afternoon, and was followed to the grave by a large number of his former comrades.

OBITUARY.—Alfred Buckingham, Esq., for many years a resident of Chicago, died at the residence of his son-in-law, Dr. Bumpus, on Thursday last, in the seventy-first year of his age. Mr. Buckingham was a native of Connecticut, and was a brother of Hon. Joseph T. Buckingham, late editor of the Boston Courier, who died in New York city, in his seventy-fifth year.

TO CONTRACTORS.—Attention is called to a large stock of well made and thoroughly seasoned sash, doors, blinds, frames, and all other furniture, constantly on hand at the factory of Messrs. Snyder & Co., No. 81 South Market street, and at rates for the present which will be found as low as the lowest dealers.

DEMOCRATIC LECTURE ON "THE FUTURE OF OUR COUNTRY."—The Democracy of the city have the best opportunities of the kind ever given to the Chicago public. Having invested, as Democrats, the highest trusts in the nation, and the responsibility of the administration of the affairs of the South, let us learn whether we are fit for the trust, better than any politician that can be selected for such a position. Come, one, come, all, and let us consult duties.

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A PRESENT for the benefit of Calvary Protestant Episcopal Mission Sunday School will be given this evening at the Lecture Room of the Methodist Church, corner of Ogden avenue, on the West Side. Admission 25 cents. Tickets for the drawing and admission for the evening can be had at the door. The drawing will take place at 10 o'clock. Those who have tickets will please call at the corner of Oakley street.

PLYMOUTH CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.—The beautiful edifice of this church, on Michigan avenue, completed, and will be formally dedicated Sabbath, October 13, 1867. Rev. Dr. Kirk, of Boston, will preach in the morning, and Rev. Dr. Goodell, of Philadelphia, in the evening. Rev. Dr. Patton will be present at the dedication. Rev. Dr. Barrett is pastor-elect of Rev. T. K. Beecher is present pastor.

DEPARTMENT AT A DISTANCE.—The facility afforded by the establishment of the Bowles news agency, 72 Dearborn street, for procuring from the country, and at a distance, the daily papers, and a full supply of periodical literature, is appreciated by a large number of persons in this city and vicinity. Orders left at the office will be promptly filled.

PERFECT ACCORD.—An accident of a very painful character occurred yesterday afternoon to a little girl about four years old, daughter of Mr. Wells, residing on the West Side, by which she had a leg broken. It appears that the child was playing with a dog, when the animal suddenly turned upon her and bit her severely on the leg. The child was taken home, and the injury was found to be a fracture of the bone above the ankle. Dr. Hollister was called in and set the fracture. The child is now doing well, and the dog has not been seen since the accident.

SPEARING A CHAR.—On Saturday night a colored man named Henry Williams, while engaged in spearing fish in the vicinity of Clark street, near the corner of Division, struck a number of white fish, and without observing very closely, took them home with him, and on the following morning found that he had taken a char instead of a white fish. He was taken into custody, and at the Police Court on Monday morning was committed for trial in default of \$500 bail.

PARISIAN KID GLOVES AT AUCTION.—Make Oxford Street Look to Your Laurels!—Sale at 9 o'clock sharp, a large and select stock of the 12th Parisian kid gloves, in all the desirable shades and sizes, for ladies' wear, by Palmer and Co., 78 Lake street, corner of Dearborn. Also, a full line of Parisian kid gloves, which will be closed out at auction, by order of the assignee, at 9 o'clock sharp.

FILLING FOR BEDS, MATTRESSES, PILLOWS, Bolsters, Cushions, etc., etc. A very valuable discovery has just been made by one of our citizens, whereby the most perfect and healthy filling for the above articles can be obtained. The article is put up in packages of convenient size, and is offered for sale by the inventor. This article can be seen at No. 36 Washington street.

FROM DISTRICT AND IN TROUBLE.—A youth, hailing from the City of the Straits, who claims that his name is J. J. Southwick, was arrested last evening by Officer Wilson, and locked up in the Harrison street station-house. He claims that he left Detroit because he was in trouble there, and that he intended to go to Milwaukee, but, not having enough money to pay his fare, he was induced to come to this city by the persuasion of a friend. He was locked up to await the arrival of his friend from Detroit, who will arrive in this city to-day.

A WELL-DESERVED APPOINTMENT.—Rev. R. B. Tuttle, of this city, has just received the appointment of Post Chaplain in the Regular Army, for which he was recommended in addition to excellent testimonials from his parishioners, by his brother clergymen here as the faithful and efficient Post Chaplain of the Soldiers' Home. Mr. Tuttle will be found at the Soldiers' Home, where he will be glad to receive calls from his friends.

A. WILLIAMS, Auctioneer, will sell this morning, at 9 o'clock, at his store, No. 78 Lake street, a large and select stock of the 12th Parisian kid gloves, in all the desirable shades and sizes, for ladies' wear, by Palmer and Co., 78 Lake street, corner of Dearborn. Also, a full line of Parisian kid gloves, which will be closed out at auction, by order of the assignee, at 9 o'clock sharp.

FURNITURE AT AUCTION.—Make Oxford Street Look to Your Laurels!—Sale at 9 o'clock sharp, a large and select stock of the 12th Parisian kid gloves, in all the desirable shades and sizes, for ladies' wear, by Palmer and Co., 78 Lake street, corner of Dearborn. Also, a full line of Parisian kid gloves, which will be closed out at auction, by order of the assignee, at 9 o'clock sharp.

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COMMON COUNCIL.

Regular Meeting—The City Assessments for 1867—Property Valuation, $192,240,644.

The Tax List—Thirteen Mills—$2,489,215.

Non-Taxation of City Bonds.

Street Improvements Ordered—Assessment Rolls—Lake Avenue.

School Agent's Report—Purchase of Lots.

A stated meeting of the Common Council was held yesterday evening. There were present: His Honor Mayor Rice; Ald. Ealand, Taylor, D'Wolf, Barrett, Dixon, Wicker, Collins, Kelley, Finerson, Walsh, McAlister, Cumiskey, Woodman, Jenkins, Carpenter, Ackhoff, Russell, Butler, Boyle, Lawlor, Shackleton and O'Neil, Strahan

CITY ASSESSMENT.

A communication was received from C. N. Holden, Esq., Tax Commissioner, transmitting to the Council the following assessment roll of the City of Chicago, for the following tax tables:

Real.....	$96,760,170	$97,742,760	$111,402,930
Personal.....	8,048,300	7,466,100	8,837,714
Total.....	$104,808,470	$105,208,860	$120,240,644
Less exemptions.....		2,968,200	28,000,000
		$102,240,660	$92,240,644

CITY REVENUE.

Ald. Cumiskey, Chairman of the Committee on Finance, to whom was referred the following communication from the Board of Public Works in relation to the collection of the taxes for the City of Chicago, for the year 1867, reported in favor of the following ordinance, and recommended that the same do pass:

To the Honorable the Common Council of the City of Chicago, in Council assembled:

GENTLEMEN—The Board of Public Works respectfully submit the following ordinance, and recommend that the same be passed by your honorable body:

Be it ordained by the Common Council of the City of Chicago, That the Board of Public Works be and they are hereby authorized to collect the taxes for the year 1867, and for the payment of such taxes they are hereby authorized to receive the following amounts:

First—Twenty-five (25) mills on the dollar to the north side of Twelfth street.

Second—Twenty-six and a half (26½) mills on the dollar from Twelfth street to Chicago avenue in Cleveland's addition.

Third—Twenty-seven (27) mills on the dollar from Chicago avenue to Garfield street.

Fourth—Twenty-eight (28) mills on the dollar from Garfield street to Fullerton avenue.

Fifth—Twenty-nine (29) mills on the dollar from Fullerton avenue to Clarkson street.

Sixth—Thirty (30) mills on the dollar from Clarkson street to the north line of the city.

Seventh—Twenty-seven (27) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to the river.

Eighth—Twenty-eight (28) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to Halsted street.

Ninth—Twenty-nine (29) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Halsted street to Throop street.

Tenth—Thirty (30) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Throop street to the south line of the city.

Eleventh—Twenty-seven (27) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to the river.

Twelfth—Twenty-eight (28) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to Halsted street.

Thirteenth—Twenty-nine (29) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Halsted street to Throop street.

Fourteenth—Thirty (30) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Throop street to the south line of the city.

Fifteenth—Twenty-seven (27) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to the river.

Sixteenth—Twenty-eight (28) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to Halsted street.

Seventeenth—Twenty-nine (29) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Halsted street to Throop street.

Eighteenth—Thirty (30) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Throop street to the south line of the city.

Nineteenth—Twenty-seven (27) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to the river.

Twentieth—Twenty-eight (28) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to Halsted street.

Twenty-first—Twenty-nine (29) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Halsted street to Throop street.

Twenty-second—Thirty (30) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Throop street to the south line of the city.

Twenty-third—Twenty-seven (27) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to the river.

Twenty-fourth—Twenty-eight (28) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to Halsted street.

Twenty-fifth—Twenty-nine (29) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Halsted street to Throop street.

Twenty-sixth—Thirty (30) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Throop street to the south line of the city.

Twenty-seventh—Twenty-seven (27) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to the river.

Twenty-eighth—Twenty-eight (28) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to Halsted street.

Twenty-ninth—Twenty-nine (29) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Halsted street to Throop street.

Thirtieth—Thirty (30) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Throop street to the south line of the city.

Thirty-first—Twenty-seven (27) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to the river.

Thirty-second—Twenty-eight (28) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to Halsted street.

Thirty-third—Twenty-nine (29) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Halsted street to Throop street.

Thirty-fourth—Thirty (30) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Throop street to the south line of the city.

Thirty-fifth—Twenty-seven (27) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to the river.

Thirty-sixth—Twenty-eight (28) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to Halsted street.

Thirty-seventh—Twenty-nine (29) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Halsted street to Throop street.

Thirty-eighth—Thirty (30) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Throop street to the south line of the city.

Thirty-ninth—Twenty-seven (27) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to the river.

Fortieth—Twenty-eight (28) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to Halsted street.

Forty-first—Twenty-nine (29) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Halsted street to Throop street.

Forty-second—Thirty (30) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Throop street to the south line of the city.

Forty-third—Twenty-seven (27) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to the river.

Forty-fourth—Twenty-eight (28) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to Halsted street.

Forty-fifth—Twenty-nine (29) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Halsted street to Throop street.

Forty-sixth—Thirty (30) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Throop street to the south line of the city.

Forty-seventh—Twenty-seven (27) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to the river.

Forty-eighth—Twenty-eight (28) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to Halsted street.

Forty-ninth—Twenty-nine (29) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Halsted street to Throop street.

Fiftieth—Thirty (30) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Throop street to the south line of the city.

Fifty-first—Twenty-seven (27) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to the river.

Fifty-second—Twenty-eight (28) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to Halsted street.

Fifty-third—Twenty-nine (29) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Halsted street to Throop street.

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Fifty-sixth—Twenty-eight (28) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to Halsted street.

Fifty-seventh—Twenty-nine (29) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Halsted street to Throop street.

Fifty-eighth—Thirty (30) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Throop street to the south line of the city.

Fifty-ninth—Twenty-seven (27) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to the river.

Sixtieth—Twenty-eight (28) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to Halsted street.

Sixty-first—Twenty-nine (29) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Halsted street to Throop street.

Sixty-second—Thirty (30) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Throop street to the south line of the city.

Sixty-third—Twenty-seven (27) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to the river.

Sixty-fourth—Twenty-eight (28) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to Halsted street.

Sixty-fifth—Twenty-nine (29) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Halsted street to Throop street.

Sixty-sixth—Thirty (30) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Throop street to the south line of the city.

Sixty-seventh—Twenty-seven (27) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to the river.

Sixty-eighth—Twenty-eight (28) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to Halsted street.

Sixty-ninth—Twenty-nine (29) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Halsted street to Throop street.

Seventieth—Thirty (30) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Throop street to the south line of the city.

Seventy-first—Twenty-seven (27) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to the river.

Seventy-second—Twenty-eight (28) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to Halsted street.

Seventy-third—Twenty-nine (29) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Halsted street to Throop street.

Seventy-fourth—Thirty (30) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Throop street to the south line of the city.

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Seventy-seventh—Twenty-nine (29) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Halsted street to Throop street.

Seventy-eighth—Thirty (30) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Throop street to the south line of the city.

Seventy-ninth—Twenty-seven (27) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to the river.

Eightieth—Twenty-eight (28) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to Halsted street.

Eighty-first—Twenty-nine (29) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Halsted street to Throop street.

Eighty-second—Thirty (30) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Throop street to the south line of the city.

Eighty-third—Twenty-seven (27) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to the river.

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Eighty-sixth—Thirty (30) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Throop street to the south line of the city.

Eighty-seventh—Twenty-seven (27) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to the river.

Eighty-eighth—Twenty-eight (28) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to Halsted street.

Eighty-ninth—Twenty-nine (29) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Halsted street to Throop street.

Ninetieth—Thirty (30) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Throop street to the south line of the city.

Ninety-first—Twenty-seven (27) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to the river.

Ninety-second—Twenty-eight (28) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to Halsted street.

Ninety-third—Twenty-nine (29) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Halsted street to Throop street.

Ninety-fourth—Thirty (30) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Throop street to the south line of the city.

Ninety-fifth—Twenty-seven (27) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to the river.

Ninety-sixth—Twenty-eight (28) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to Halsted street.

Ninety-seventh—Twenty-nine (29) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Halsted street to Throop street.

Ninety-eighth—Thirty (30) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Throop street to the south line of the city.

Ninety-ninth—Twenty-seven (27) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to the river.

One-hundredth—Twenty-eight (28) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to Halsted street.

One-hundred-and-first—Twenty-nine (29) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Halsted street to Throop street.

One-hundred-and-second—Thirty (30) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Throop street to the south line of the city.

One-hundred-and-third—Twenty-seven (27) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to the river.

One-hundred-and-fourth—Twenty-eight (28) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to Halsted street.

One-hundred-and-fifth—Twenty-nine (29) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Halsted street to Throop street.

One-hundred-and-sixth—Thirty (30) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Throop street to the south line of the city.

One-hundred-and-seventh—Twenty-seven (27) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to the river.

One-hundred-and-eighth—Twenty-eight (28) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to Halsted street.

One-hundred-and-ninth—Twenty-nine (29) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Halsted street to Throop street.

One-hundred-and-tenth—Thirty (30) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Throop street to the south line of the city.

One-hundred-and-eleventh—Twenty-seven (27) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to the river.

One-hundred-and-twelfth—Twenty-eight (28) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to Halsted street.

One-hundred-and-thirteenth—Twenty-nine (29) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Halsted street to Throop street.

One-hundred-and-fourteenth—Thirty (30) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Throop street to the south line of the city.

One-hundred-and-fifteenth—Twenty-seven (27) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to the river.

One-hundred-and-sixteenth—Twenty-eight (28) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to Halsted street.

One-hundred-and-seventeenth—Twenty-nine (29) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Halsted street to Throop street.

One-hundred-and-eighteenth—Thirty (30) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Throop street to the south line of the city.

One-hundred-and-nineteenth—Twenty-seven (27) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to the river.

One-hundred-and-twentieth—Twenty-eight (28) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to Halsted street.

One-hundred-and-twenty-first—Twenty-nine (29) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Halsted street to Throop street.

One-hundred-and-twenty-second—Thirty (30) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Throop street to the south line of the city.

One-hundred-and-twenty-third—Twenty-seven (27) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to the river.

One-hundred-and-twenty-fourth—Twenty-eight (28) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to Halsted street.

One-hundred-and-twenty-fifth—Twenty-nine (29) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Halsted street to Throop street.

One-hundred-and-twenty-sixth—Thirty (30) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Throop street to the south line of the city.

One-hundred-and-twenty-seventh—Twenty-seven (27) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to the river.

One-hundred-and-twenty-eighth—Twenty-eight (28) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to Halsted street.

One-hundred-and-twenty-ninth—Twenty-nine (29) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Halsted street to Throop street.

One-hundred-and-thirtieth—Thirty (30) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Throop street to the south line of the city.

One-hundred-and-thirty-first—Twenty-seven (27) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to the river.

One-hundred-and-thirty-second—Twenty-eight (28) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to Halsted street.

One-hundred-and-thirty-third—Twenty-nine (29) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Halsted street to Throop street.

One-hundred-and-thirty-fourth—Thirty (30) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Throop street to the south line of the city.

One-hundred-and-thirty-fifth—Twenty-seven (27) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to the river.

One-hundred-and-thirty-sixth—Twenty-eight (28) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to Halsted street.

One-hundred-and-thirty-seventh—Twenty-nine (29) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Halsted street to Throop street.

One-hundred-and-thirty-eighth—Thirty (30) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Throop street to the south line of the city.

One-hundred-and-thirty-ninth—Twenty-seven (27) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to the river.

One-hundred-and-fortieth—Twenty-eight (28) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to Halsted street.

One-hundred-and-forty-first—Twenty-nine (29) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Halsted street to Throop street.

One-hundred-and-forty-second—Thirty (30) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Throop street to the south line of the city.

One-hundred-and-forty-third—Twenty-seven (27) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to the river.

One-hundred-and-forty-fourth—Twenty-eight (28) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to Halsted street.

One-hundred-and-forty-fifth—Twenty-nine (29) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Halsted street to Throop street.

One-hundred-and-forty-sixth—Thirty (30) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Throop street to the south line of the city.

One-hundred-and-forty-seventh—Twenty-seven (27) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to the river.

One-hundred-and-forty-eighth—Twenty-eight (28) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to Halsted street.

One-hundred-and-forty-ninth—Twenty-nine (29) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Halsted street to Throop street.

One-hundred-and-fiftieth—Thirty (30) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Throop street to the south line of the city.

One-hundred-and-fifty-first—Twenty-seven (27) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to the river.

One-hundred-and-fifty-second—Twenty-eight (28) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to Halsted street.

One-hundred-and-fifty-third—Twenty-nine (29) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Halsted street to Throop street.

One-hundred-and-fifty-fourth—Thirty (30) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Throop street to the south line of the city.

One-hundred-and-fifty-fifth—Twenty-seven (27) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to the river.

One-hundred-and-fifty-sixth—Twenty-eight (28) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to Halsted street.

One-hundred-and-fifty-seventh—Twenty-nine (29) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Halsted street to Throop street.

One-hundred-and-fifty-eighth—Thirty (30) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Throop street to the south line of the city.

One-hundred-and-fifty-ninth—Twenty-seven (27) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to the river.

One-hundred-and-sixtieth—Twenty-eight (28) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to Halsted street.

One-hundred-and-sixty-first—Twenty-nine (29) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Halsted street to Throop street.

One-hundred-and-sixty-second—Thirty (30) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Throop street to the south line of the city.

One-hundred-and-sixty-third—Twenty-seven (27) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to the river.

One-hundred-and-sixty-fourth—Twenty-eight (28) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to Halsted street.

One-hundred-and-sixty-fifth—Twenty-nine (29) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Halsted street to Throop street.

One-hundred-and-sixty-sixth—Thirty (30) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Throop street to the south line of the city.

One-hundred-and-sixty-seventh—Twenty-seven (27) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to the river.

One-hundred-and-sixty-eighth—Twenty-eight (28) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to Halsted street.

One-hundred-and-sixty-ninth—Twenty-nine (29) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Halsted street to Throop street.

One-hundred-and-seventieth—Thirty (30) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Throop street to the south line of the city.

One-hundred-and-seventy-first—Twenty-seven (27) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to the river.

One-hundred-and-seventy-second—Twenty-eight (28) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to Halsted street.

One-hundred-and-seventy-third—Twenty-nine (29) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Halsted street to Throop street.

One-hundred-and-seventy-fourth—Thirty (30) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Throop street to the south line of the city.

One-hundred-and-seventy-fifth—Twenty-seven (27) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to the river.

One-hundred-and-seventy-sixth—Twenty-eight (28) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to Halsted street.

One-hundred-and-seventy-seventh—Twenty-nine (29) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Halsted street to Throop street.

One-hundred-and-seventy-eighth—Thirty (30) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Throop street to the south line of the city.

One-hundred-and-seventy-ninth—Twenty-seven (27) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to the river.

One-hundred-and-eightieth—Twenty-eight (28) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to Halsted street.

One-hundred-and-eighty-first—Twenty-nine (29) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Halsted street to Throop street.

One-hundred-and-eighty-second—Thirty (30) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Throop street to the south line of the city.

One-hundred-and-eighty-third—Twenty-seven (27) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to the river.

One-hundred-and-eighty-fourth—Twenty-eight (28) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to Halsted street.

One-hundred-and-eighty-fifth—Twenty-nine (29) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Halsted street to Throop street.

One-hundred-and-eighty-sixth—Thirty (30) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Throop street to the south line of the city.

One-hundred-and-eighty-seventh—Twenty-seven (27) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to the river.

One-hundred-and-eighty-eighth—Twenty-eight (28) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to Halsted street.

One-hundred-and-eighty-ninth—Twenty-nine (29) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Halsted street to Throop street.

One-hundred-and-ninetieth—Thirty (30) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Throop street to the south line of the city.

One-hundred-and-ninety-first—Twenty-seven (27) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to the river.

One-hundred-and-ninety-second—Twenty-eight (28) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to Halsted street.

One-hundred-and-ninety-third—Twenty-nine (29) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Halsted street to Throop street.

One-hundred-and-ninety-fourth—Thirty (30) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Throop street to the south line of the city.

One-hundred-and-ninety-fifth—Twenty-seven (27) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to the river.

One-hundred-and-ninety-sixth—Twenty-eight (28) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to Halsted street.

One-hundred-and-ninety-seventh—Twenty-nine (29) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Halsted street to Throop street.

One-hundred-and-ninety-eighth—Thirty (30) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Throop street to the south line of the city.

One-hundred-and-ninety-ninth—Twenty-seven (27) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to the river.

Two-hundredth—Twenty-eight (28) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to Halsted street.

Two-hundred-and-first—Twenty-nine (29) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Halsted street to Throop street.

Two-hundred-and-second—Thirty (30) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Throop street to the south line of the city.

Two-hundred-and-third—Twenty-seven (27) mills on the dollar for all taxes on the south side of Twelfth street, from Blue Island avenue to the river.

Two-hundred-and-fourth—